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ENHANCEMENT OF THE FLEXIBLE SPACECRAFT DYNAMICS PROGRAM  
FOR OPEN SPACECRAFT

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## 1.0 SUMMARY

This report describes the modifications and additions made to the Flexible Spacecraft Dynamics (FSD) Program under contract NAS5-28128. The principal addition to the program was the capability to simulate a single axis gimble platform nadir pointing despin control system. The formulation for the single axis gimble equations of motion is a modification of the formulation given in Reference 1. The details of the modifications made to the FSD Program are presented in Section 2. Modifications to existing subroutines are briefly described and a detailed description of new subroutines is given. In addition, the program variables in new labelled COMMON blocks are described in detail. Section 3 gives a description of new input symbols for the FSD Program.

## 2.0 PROGRAM ADDITIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

### 2.1 Summary of Modifications by Task

#### Task 1. Control System for Imager Experiment

A single axis platform on the spacecraft hub with a proportional, integral, and derivative (PID) feedback digital control system has been added to the program. Closed loop nadir pointing from a spinning spacecraft is provided. A first order sensor lag transfer function of the form:

$$\frac{K}{S + \omega}$$

where  $\omega$  is the bandwidth and K is the sensor gain has been implemented for the nadir error signal. The integrator in the PID has a limiter on it and a zero order hold follows the output of the PID operating at the control rate. The despin motor has coulomb friction and different plus or minus torque limiting values. An inputted computational delay is included in the control system as well as a signal noise generator which can be added to the error signal. Provisions have been made for autonomous scan capability. The platform and control system are able to function concurrently with other platforms and control systems in the program. This capability is operable for INOPT 1 and 2.

#### Task 2. Internal Torques Generated by Moving Parts

Calculation, printing, and plotting of internal reaction torques generated by moving (rotating) parts on the spacecraft; for example: motor torques in control systems, momentum wheel torque, autonomous scanning, rastering torques, etc. has been added. This capability is operable for INOPT 1 and 2.

### Task 3. Autonomous Scan Capability for 2 Axis Scan Platform

Currently, the FSD program has a 2 axis scan platform with close loop control about both axes. Autonomous scanning has been added to the azimuth and elevation axes of the scan platform. This scanning capability is similar to the secondary body rastering option currently in the program.

### Task 4. Spacecraft Field Components and External Disturbance Torques Without Attitude Dynamics

For earth pointing systems (INOPT 2) an option has been added to constrain attitude angles to a fixed attitude (nominally roll, pitch and yaw are set to zero or fixed angles) and fly the spacecraft around the orbit. The magnetic field components in spacecraft coordinates and ascension and declination of the sun vector are determined. Also, torques due to aerodrag, solar pressure, gravity gradient, and magnetics are calculated and plotted.

### Task 5. Additional Fluid Dampers

Two additional fluid nutation dampers have been added to the FSD program. These dampers are similar to the one that is currently in the program. The dampers can be arbitrarily oriented. The new damper option can be run in a stacked case where initially damping is zero and subsequently it is invoked. The additional dampers will permit wire motion dampers to be simulated concurrently with a nutation dampers as well as other applications. The fluid damper option is operable for INOPT 1 and 2.

## 2.2 Description of Subroutine Modifications

The modifications made to existing subroutines are briefly described below.

- AIRDRG A calculation for aerodynamic torques on the spacecraft hub has been added.
- AWREAD Provision for printing the motor torque has been added.
- BLK8 Titles have been added for labelling new plotted variables.
- DEREQ Calls to new subroutines have been inserted.

ECHOGP Calls inserted for new echo print.  
FNDALP Calls to new subroutines have been inserted.  
GIMBL1 Modifications for gimble rastering have been inserted.  
GIMBL2 Modifications for gimble rastering have been inserted.  
GMBLRD Modifications for gimble rastering have been inserted.  
GMINIT Modifications for gimble rastering have been inserted.  
GPLOT Calls inserted for new plotted output.  
GPSOUT Calls inserted for new printed output.  
MAIN Calls to new subroutines have been inserted.  
NUMPGE Calls inserted for new state variables.  
READGP Calls inserted for new input.

### 2.3 Description of New Subroutines

The new subroutines are described below.

Subroutine Name: ADMDUM

Language: FORTRAN IV

Calling Sequence : CALL ADMDUM (N, DEL, DEP, DER, UP, DN, FAC, FRQ, TSTOP,  
L, T, DELMIN)

Purpose : This multiple entry subroutine controls the program in the  
no integration, constant attitude simulations.

Labelled Commons Used : GENVRN, CONSTS, CNBODY, CSTVAL, IMAIN1, IPOOL1, INOMOT,  
KENERGY, LIBDPR, ORBNEW, OUTTHR, RMGNTC, RPOOL6, SUNVTR,  
VECTRS, XIN2

Subroutines Called : ADMIMP, MATMPY, SET, XFIND

Entries : Calling Sequence : CALL ADMWRP (BUFF, INDEX)  
 Purpose : This entry loads data for plotting  
 into the plot buffer.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL ADMPRN  
 Purpose : This entry provides for printed  
 output using the subroutine SET.

### Glossary of Variables :

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Defirition</u>
N	I*4	Number of equations in state vector.
DEL	R*8	Initial integration time step.
DEP (150)	R*8	State vector.
DER (150)	R*8	State vector derivative.
UP (150)	R*8	Integration error bound upper limit.
DN (150)	R*8	Integration error bound lower limit.
FAC	R*8	Time step change factor.
FRQ	R*8	Output record frequency.
TSTOP	R*8	Integration stop time.
L	I*4	Integration control integer.
T	R*8	Integration time.
DELMIN	R*8	Minimum allowable time step.
BUFF (450)	R*4	Plot buffer.
INDEX	I*4	Plot buffer address.

Subroutine Name : RASTGM

Language : FORTRAN IV

Calling Sequence : CALL RASTGM (ANG, ANGDD, ANGDD)

Purpose : RASTGM calculates prescribed angular motion for the two axis gimble.

Labelled

Commons Used : CONSTS, CRSTGM, CSTVAL, IRSTGM, RPOOL1

Subroutines Called : None.

Entries : None.



### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
ANG (3)	R*8	Prescribed angular position for two axis gimble platform.
ANGD (3)	R*8	Prescribed angular velocity for two axis gimble platform.
ANGDD (3)	R*8	Prescribed angular acceleration for two axis gimble platform.

Subroutine Name : RASTSA  
Language : FORTRAN IV  
Calling Sequence : CALL RASTSA (ANG, ANGD, ANGDD)  
Purpose : RASTSA calculates prescribed angular motion for the single axis gimble.  
Labelled Commons Used : CONSTS, CSAGRS, CSTVAL, ISAGRS, RPOOL1  
Subroutines Called : None.  
Entries : None.

### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
ANG (3)	R*8	Prescribed angular position for single axis gimble platform.
ANGD (3)	R*8	Prescribed angular velocity for single axis gimble platform.
ANGDD (3)	R*8	Prescribed angular acceleration for single axis gimble platform.

Subroutine Name : SAGIM1  
 Language : FORTRAN IV  
 Calling Sequence: CALL SAGIM1 (SY1, SY2, SY3, CIY)  
 Purpose : To add gimble mass properties into system mass properties and set up gimble equations of motion.  
 Labelled  
 Commons Used : CONSTS, CSAGIM, SAGMWK, SAGOUT, SAPRPL, SARSOT, ISAGIM, ISAGRS, RPOOL1, VARBL5  
 Subroutines : MPYMAT, MATV, ADDV, RASTSA  
 Called

#### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
SY1	R*8	$\int Y_1 dm$
SY2	R*8	$\int Y_2 dm$
SY3	R*8	$\int Y_3 dm$
CIY (3,3)	R*8	$CIY(I,J) = \int Y_i Y_j dm$

Subroutine Name : SAGIM2  
 Language : FORTRAN IV  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAGIM2 (ITEST, ZML, ETA, NALP)  
 Purpose : To complete calculation of gimble equations of motion and determine gimble accelerations.  
 Labelled  
 Commons Used : CSAGIM, DEBUG2, SAGMWK, SAGOUT, HSAGIM, ISAGIM, ISAGRS, RPOOL1, RPOOL3, SARSOT, TRQOUT, VARBL5  
 Subroutines : MATV, ADDV, MPYMAT, SAGINF, SAGCNT  
 Called

### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
ITEST	I*4	Internal control word.
ZML(7,7)	R*8	System equations of motion mass and inertia coupling matrix.
ETA (7)	R*8	System acceleration vector.
NALP	I*4	No. of system equations of motion.

Subroutine Name : SAGINF  
Language : FORTRAN IV  
Calling Sequence : CALL SAGINF (AZIF)  
Purpose : To calculate internal spring and damping forces for azimuth equations of motion.  
Labelled Commons Used : SAINTF, SAGOUT  
Subroutines Called : None

### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
AZIF	R*8	Internal spring and damping moment for azimuth equation of motion.

Subroutine Name : SAGMRD  
 Language : FORTRAN IV  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAGMRD  
 Purpose : This subroutine performs input and output tasks for the single axis gimble simulation.  
 Labelled Commons Used : CSAGIM, CSAGRS, SAGICS, SAINTF, SAPRPL, ISAGIM, ISAGRS  
 Subroutines Called : SETUP, SAPLCS, HVAL, IVAL, FVAL, SET  
 Entries : ECHOSA, SAGPLT, SAPRNT  
 Calling Sequence : CALL ECHOSA  
 Purpose : This entry performs echo printout of the input for the single axis gimble.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAGPLT (BUFF, INDEX)  
 Purpose : This entry provides for writing of output data to be used in printer plots.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAPRNT  
 Purpose : This entry provides for printed output data.

### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
BUFF (450)	R*4	Output vector of plotting variables.
INDEX	I*4	Location in BUFF of last variable used.

Subroutine Name : SAINIT  
 Language : FORTRAN IV  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAINIT  
 Purpose : This subroutine does initial calculations for the single axis gimble simulation.  
 Labelled Commons Used : ADSTAT, CONSTS, SAGICS, SAGOUT, ISAGIM, ISAGRS, CSAGIM, CSAGRS  
 Subroutines Called : DTR312

#### Glossary of Variables :

Significant variables are defined in labelled common.

Subroutine Name : SAPLCS  
 Language : FORTRAN IV  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAPLCS  
 Purpose : This multiple entry subroutine contains all the coding relative to the control system for the single axis gimble platform.  
 Labelled Commons Used : ADSTAT, CONSTS, CSAPCS, CSTVAL, DATOUT, DEBUG2, DRPROT, SAGOUT, HSAGIM, ISAGIM, IMAIN1, INEWR, IPOOL1, MOMENT, OUTTHR, RMAIN1, RMGNTC, RPOOL1, RPOOL5, VARBL5, XIN4  
 Subroutines Called : SETUP, HVAL, FVAL, MATV, SET  
 Entries :  
     Calling Sequence : CALL NUMSAP (NUMEQS)  
     Purpose : This entry adds the three sensor transfer function equations to the equation counter.  
     Calling Sequence : CALL ECHSAC  
     Purpose : This entry provides for echo printout of the single axis gimble platform control system parameters.

Calling Sequence : CALL SACINT (FRQ)  
 Purpose : This entry sets the initial values into the DEPEND array.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SACSNR  
 Purpose : This entry provides for calculation of the sensor transfer function derivatives.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAGCNT (AZCNT)  
 Purpose : This entry calculates the motor torques for the single axis gimble drive motor.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAPIDC (IPRFLG)  
 Purpose : This entry calculates the output of the PID controller for the single axis gimble axis.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAPWRP (BUFF, INDEX)  
 Purpose : This entry loads data for plotting into the plot buffer.  
 Calling Sequence : CALL SAPPRN  
 Purpose : This entry provides for printed output using the subroutine SET.

### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
NUMEQS	I*4	The number of equations in the state vector.
FRQ	R*8	Frequency of integrator returns to MAIN by ADMIMP.
AZCNT	R*8	Gimble drive motor torque.
IPRFLG	I*4	Internal control for frequency of printed output records.
BUFF (450)	R*4	Output vector for plotted output.
INDEX	I*4	Location in BUFF of last entered data.

Subroutine Name : TRQORD  
 Language : FORTRAN IV  
 Calling Sequence : CALL TRQORD  
 Purpose : To provide for output of internal reaction torques.  
 Labelled Commons Used : ITRQOT, TRQOUT  
 Subroutines Called : SETUP, SET  
 Entries :  
     Calling Sequence : CALL TRQPLT (BUFF, INDEX)  
     Purpose : To load variables for plotting.  
     Calling Sequence : CALL TRQPRN  
     Purpose : To provide for printed output using the subroutine SET.

### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
BUFF (450)	R*4	Output vector for plotted output.
INDEX	I*4	Location in BUFF of last entered data.

Subroutine Name : VDMPRD  
 Language : FORTRAN IV  
 Calling Sequence : CALL VDMPRD  
 Purpose : To provide for the simulation and torques generated by additional viscous ring dampers.  
 Labelled Commons Used : ADSTAT, CONSTS, DEBUG2, IMAIN1, OUTAVD, RPOOL1, RAVSCS, XIN4  
 Subroutines Called : SETUP, FVAL, HVAL, IVAL, SET

Entries :

Calling Sequence :	CALL NUMVDE (NUMEQS)
Purpose :	To augment state vector size for viscous damper variables.
Calling Sequence :	CALL ECHOVD
Purpose :	To provide echo print of viscous damper parameters.
Calling Sequence :	CALL VDINIT
Purpose :	To initialize state vector for viscous damper initial conditions.
Calling Sequence :	CALL VISCS2 (IT, ZML, OM, OMD, DEP, DER, CMP)
Purpose :	To calculate damper variable derivatives and damper reaction moments on the system.
Calling Sequence :	CALL VDPRNT
Purpose :	To load print variables into print buffer for printing.

### Glossary of Variables

<u>Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
NUMEQS	I*4	The number of equations in the state vector.
IT	I*4	Internal control integer.
ZML (7,7)	R*8	System mass and inertia coupling matrix.
OM (3)	R*8	System angular velocity.
OMD (3)	R*8	System angular acceleration.
DEP (150)	R*8	State vector.
DER (150)	R*8	State vector derivative.
CMP (3,2)	R*8	Damper reaction torques.





<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
AZMS	R*8	Slugs	Mass of platform.
AZYY(3,3)	R*8	Slug-Ft <sup>2</sup>	$\int Z_i Z_j dm$ for platform about its center of mass.
AZIAX(3,3)	R*8	Slug-Ft <sup>2</sup>	$\int Z_i Z_j dm$ for platform about the azimuth frame origin.
ZZAZ(3,3)	R*8	Slug-Ft <sup>2</sup>	$\int Z_i Z_j dm$ for gimble platform about frame origin.

Common Block Name : COMMON/CSAGRS/DELA(3), TAU(4,3), ANGO(3), ADDO(3),  
TC(3), TTAB(4,3)

Used in Subroutines : RASTSA, SAGMRD, SAINIT

Variables :

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
DELA(3)	R*8	'Deg.	Angular motion to be performed in a single cycle of rastering motion.
TAUA(4,3)	R*8	Sec.	Time increments for rastering cycle.
ANGO(3)	R*8	Deg.	Initial angle for start of rastering cycle.
ADDO(3)	R*8	Deg/Sec <sup>2</sup>	Peak rastering acceleration.
TC(3)	R*8	Sec.	Total cycle time for each axis.
TTAB(4,3)	R*8	Sec.	Cycle times.

Common Block Name : COMMON/CSAPCS/PCSPRM(100), IPLTCS(20)

Used in Subroutine: SAPLCS

Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
PCSPRM(100)	R*8	Varies	Parameters used in the single axis gimble platform control system.
IPLTCS(20)	I*4	N.A.	Integer control words for single axis gimble platform control system.

Common Block Name : COMMON/INOMOT/NOINTG, NOIOUT(20)

Used in Subroutines: ADMDUM, READGP

Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
NOINTG	I*4	N.A.	Control integer for simulation without integration.
NOIOUT(20)	I*4	N.A.	Control integers for output of spacecraft external torques.

Common Block Name : COMMON/IRSTGM/IRAST, IARST(3), IRSCY(3)

Used in Subroutines: GIMBL1, GIMBL2, GMBLRD, GMINIT, RASTGM

Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRAST	I*4	N.A.	Control word to invoke prescribed rastering motion for two axis gimble.
IARST(3)	I*4	N.A.	Control word to specify type of rastering cycle.
IRSCY(3)	I*4	N.A.	Number of cycles of rastering motion to be performed.

Common Block Name: COMMON/ISAGIM/IGMBL, NAZIM, NAI

Used in Subroutines: SAGMRD, SAINIT, SAGIM1, SAGIM2, SAPLCS

Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
IGMBL	I*4	N.D.	Control word for gimble simulation. IGMBL 0 No gimble simulation. IGMBL 1 Single axis gimble simulation.
NAZIM	I*4	N.D.	Location in the state vector of the gimble angle.
NAI	I*4	N.D.	Location in the state vector of the gimble angular velocity.

Common Block Name: COMMON/ISAGRS/IRAST, IARST(3), IRSCY(3)  
 Used in Subroutines: RASTSA, SAGIM1, SAGIM2, SAGMRD, SAINIT

Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
IRAST	I*4	N.A.	Control word to invoke prescribed rastering motion for single axis gimble.
IARST(3)	I*4	N.A.	Control word to specify type of rastering cycle.
IRSCY(3)	I*4	N.A.	Number of cycles of rastering motion to be performed.

Common Block Name: COMMON/ITRQOT/IOUTPT(150)

Used in Subroutines: TRQORD

Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
IOUTPT(150)	I*4	N.A.	Vector of control integers for reaction torque output.

Common Block Name: COMMON/OUTAVD/OMEGL(2), VSUBL(2), MSUBM(3,2)

Used in Subroutines: VDMPRD

Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
OMEGL(2)	R*8	Rad./Sec.	Angular velocity of damping fluid.
VSUBL(2)	R*8	Ft./Sec.	Velocity of damping fluid.
MSUBM(3,2)	R*8	Ft./Sec.	Damping torque from fluid damper.

Common Block Name: COMMON/RAVSCS/NSUBX(3,2), YARRAY(3,2), RADTBE(2),  
VISCTY(2), RADRNG(2), DENSTY(2), JARRAY(3,2)  
SSUBY(2), OMLI(2), ISUBD(2), VUP(2), VDN(2), NVD

Used in Subroutines: VDMPRD

#### Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
NSUBX(3,2)	R*8	N.D.	Unit vectors in direction of damper axis.
YARRAY(3,2)	R*8	Ft.-Lbs.	Initial components of torque along damper axis.
RADTBE(2)	R*8	In.	Radius of damper tubes.
VISCTY(2)	R*8	Centi Stokes	Viscosity of liquid.
RADRNG(2)	R*8	In.	Radius of damper ring.
DENSTY(2)	R*8	Lbs./Ft <sup>3</sup>	Fluid density.
JARRAY(3,2)	R*8	-	Initial values for bessell functions.
SSUBY(2)	R*8	-	Damping torque.
OMLI(2)	R*8	Deg/sec.	Initial fluid angular velocity.
ISUBD(2)	R*8	Slug-Ft <sup>2</sup>	Fluid moment of inertia.
VUP(2)	R*8	-	Integration upper bound.
VDN(2)	R*8	-	Integration lower bound.
NVD	I*4	N.A.	Number of additional viscous ring dampers.

Common Block Name: COMMON/SAGICS/AZIMO, ROLLO, ELEVO, AZIMI, AZIMID,  
GMUP(2), GMDN(2)

Used in Subroutines: SAGMRD, SAINIT

#### Variables:

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
AZIMO	R*8	Deg.	Rotation about the three axis in a 3-1-2 rotation from the body frame to the gimble motion reference frame.

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
ROLLG	R*8	Deg.	Rotation about the one axis in a 3-1-2 rotation from the body frame to the gimble motion reference frame.
ELEVO	R*8	Deg.	Rotation about the two axis in a 3-1-2 rotation from the body frame to the gimble motion reference frame.
AZIMI	R*8	Deg.	Initial angular position of the gimble platform.
AZIMID	R*8	Deg/Sec	Initial angular velocity of the gimble platform.
GMUP(2)	R*8	RAD Rad/Sec	Integration upper bounds for gimble rotation and rotation rate.
GMDN(2)	R*8	RAD Rad/Sec	Integration lower bounds for gimble rotation and rotation rate.

Common Block Name : COMMON/SAGMWK/DELT, GAMGM(6), GMRHS, DI, DIGAM(6)  
DZML(6,6), YAZB(3)

Used in Subroutines: SAGIM1, SAGIM2

#### Variables

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
DELT	R*8	Slug/Ft <sup>2</sup>	Diagonal coefficient for platform acceleration.
GAMGM(6)	R*8	Varies	Coupling matrix between platform acceleration and system translational and rotational accelerations.
GMRHS	R*8	Ft-Lbs.	Torques for platform equation of motion.
DI	R*8	---	Inverse of $[S] = [S]^{-1}$
DIGAM (6)	R*8	---	$[S]^{-1} [S]$
DZML(6,6)	R*8	---	$[S] [S]^{-1} [S]^T$
YAZB(3)	R*8	Ft.	Location of the axis measured in the platform reference frame.

Common Block Name: COMMON/SAGOUT/AZ, AZD, B(3,3), BO(3,3), C(3,3), BOBC(3,3),  
YAZ(3), ZAZM(3)

Used in Subroutine: SAGINF, SAINIT, SAGIMI, SAGIM2, SAPLCS

#### Variables

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
AZ	R*8	Rad.	Angular position of the gimble platform.
AZD	R*8	Rad/Sec.	Angular velocity of the gimble platform.
B(3,3)	R*8	N.D.	Transformation matrix from the azimuth platform reference frame to the gimble motion reference frame.
BO(3,3)	R*8	N.D.	Transformation matrix from the gimble motion reference frame to the body frame.
BOB(3,3)	R*8	N.D.	$[BOB] = [BO][B]$
C(3,3)	R*8	N.D.	Transformation matrix from the elevation platform reference frame to the azimuth platform reference frame.
BOBC(3,3)	R*8	N.D.	$[BOB][C]$
YAZ(3)	R*8	Ft.	Position of the azimuth gimble CG from the body frame origin measured in the body frame.
ZAZM(3)	R*8	Slug-Ft.	First moment of the gimble mass about the azimuth gimble frame origin.

Common Block Name: COMMON/SAINTF/GMK1, GMK2, GMDMP, GMSTP

Used in Subroutines : SAGINF, SAGMRD

#### Variables

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
GMK1	R*8	Ft-Lbs/Rad	Spring constant for gimble suspension.
GMK2	R*8	Ft-Lbs/Rad	Stop spring constant for gimble suspension.
GMDMP	R*8	Ft-Lb-Sec/Rad	Viscous damping constant for gimble suspension.
GMSTP	R*8	Rad	Stop angle for gimble suspension.

Common Block Name: COMMON/SAPRPL/GMBAZ, GMBAZD

Used in Subroutines : SAGIM1, SAGMRD

#### Variables

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
GMBAZ	R*8	Deg.	Output angular position of gimble platform.
GMBAZD	R*8	Deg/Sec.	Output angular velocity of gimble platform.

Common Block Name : COMMON/SARSOT/AZDD, SARHST(3), SARHSR(3)

Used in Subroutines: SAGIM1, SAGIM2

#### Variables

<u>Fortran Name</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Units</u>	<u>Description</u>
AZDD	R*8	Rad/Sec. <sup>2</sup>	Platform angular acceleration during rastering cycle.
SARHST(3)	R*8	Lbs.	Inertial forces on system translation due to platform rastering motion.
SHRHSR(3)	R*8	Ft.-Lbs.	Inertial torques on system rotation due to platform rastering motion.



Common Block Name : COMMON/TRQOUT/OUTTRQ(150)

Used in Subroutines: TRQORD, WHREAD, AWREAD

#### Variables

Fortran Name	Type	Units	Description
OUTTRQ(150)	R*8	Ft-Lbs.	Vector or reaction torques for output.

### 3.0 DESCRIPTION OF NEW INPUT AND OUTPUT

#### 3.1 Single Axis Platform Simulation Input and Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
ISAGM	I*4	0	Control word for single axis platform simulation. ISAGM 0 No platform simulated. ISAGM 1 Platform simulated.
SAIN(3,3)	R*8	0.0D0	Moments of inertia of the single axis platform about its own center of mass(slug-ft <sup>2</sup> ).
SAAX(3)	R*8	0.0D0	Position vector in the body frame to the origin of the platform motion reference frame. This position is a point on the motion axis (ft.).
SACG(3)	R*8	0.0D0	Position vector to the platform center of mass in the platform motion reference frame (ft.).
SAMS	R*8	0.0D0	Mass of the platform (slugs).
SAK1	R*8	0.0D0	Spring constant for single axis gimble suspension. Applies to angles less than the stop angle (ft-lb/rad).
SAK2	R*8	0.0D0	Spring constant for single axis platform suspension. Applies to angles greater than the stop angle (ft-lb/rad).
SAGDM	R*8	0.0D0	Viscous damping constant for single axis platform suspension (ft-lb-sec/rad).

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
SASTP	R*8	0.0D0	Stop angle for single axis platform suspension (rad).
SAAZO	R*8	0.0D0	Rotation about the three axis in a 3-1-2 angle set from the main body frame to the platform motion reference frame (deg). NOTE: The gimble motion reference frame is a main body fixed frame.
SARLO	R*8	0.0D0	Rotation about the one axis in a 3-1-2 angle set from the main body frame to the platform motion reference frame (deg).
SAELO	R*8	0.0D0	Rotation about the two axis in a 3-1-2 angle set from the main body frame to the platform motion reference frame (deg).
SAAZI	R*8	0.0D0	Initial azimuth angular position for the single axis platform (deg).
SAAZID	R*8	0.0D0	Initial azimuth angular velocity for the single axis platform (deg/sec).
SAUP(2)	R*8	1.0D-3	Integration upper bounds for platform angle and angular rate. SAUP(1) (rad). SAUP(2) (rad/sec).
SADN(2)	R*8	1.0D-5	Integration lower bounds for platform angle and angular rate. SADN(1) (rad). SADN(2) (rad/sec).

### Single Axis Platform Rastering Input

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
ISAGRS	I*4	0	Control word to invoke prescribed rastering motions for single axis platform. ISAGRS = 0 No rastering. ISAGRS = 1 Rastering prescribed.
ISARST(1)	I*4	0	Control word to specify type of rastering cycle to be invoked on single axis platform. ISARST(1) = 0 No motion. ISARST(1) = 1 Motion of Type 1. ISARST(1) = 2 Motion of Type 2. NOTE: The types of motion cycles are shown in Reference 2.
ISASCY	I*4	0	Number of cycles of rastering motion to be performed.
SADELA	R*8	0.000	Angular motion to be performed during a single cycle of rastering motion (deg.).
SATAUA (4,3)	R*8	0.000	Time increments to define rastering cycle. SATAUA (1,1) = $T_1$ SATAUA (2,1) = $T_2$ SATAUA (3,1) = $T_3$ SATAUA (4,1) = $T_4$
SAAN20	R*8	0.000	Initial angle for the start of the rastering cycle (deg.).

### Plotting locations for single axis platform motion variables

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
KPLOTS(341)	Angular position for the single axis platform.
KPLOTS(342)	Angular rate for the single axis platform.

### Single Axis Platform Printed Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Units</u>
GMBL AZ	Platform azimuth angle	Deg.
GMBL AZD	Platform azimuth angular velocity	Deg/Sec.

### 3.2 Single Axis Platform Nadir Pointing Control System Input and Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
ISAPCS (1-20)	I*4	0	Control words for gimble platform control system simulation.
ISAPCS (1)			Control word to invoke the single axis platform control system option. ISAPCS(1) 0 No control system. ISAPCS(1) 1 Control system.  NOTE: If a control system is invoked the single axis platform simulation must also be invoked.
ISAPCS (3)			Control word for gaussian noise transfer function for the three axes of the nadir sensor. ISAPCS (3) 0 No transfer function ISAPCS (3) 1 Transfer function.

# Single Axis Platform Nadir Pointing Control System (continued)

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
ISAPCS (4)			Number of measurement samples to be averaged for smoothing of sensor output. ISAPCS(4) N average N samples N 1
ISAPCS (5-20)			Not used.
SACSPM (100)	R*8	0.000	Platform control system parameters.
SACSPM (1-9)			Not used.
SARSPM (10)			Sampling time for PID digital controller (sec).
SACSPM (11)			Quantatitational level for platform position (rad).
SACSPM (12)			PID integrator upper saturation limit (rad).
SACSPM (13)			PID integrator lower saturation limit (rad).
SACSPM (14)			PID proportional gain $K_p$
SACSPM (15)			PID integrator gain $K_I$
SACSPM (16)			PID derivative gain $K_D$
SACSPM (17-29)			Not used.
SACSPM (30)			Integration upper bound for sensor first order lag transfer function.
SACSPM (31)			Integration lower bound for sensor first order lag transfer function.
SACSPM (32)			Sensor one axis bandwidth.
SACSPM (33)			Sensor two axis bandwidth.
SACSPM (34)			Sensor three axis bandwidth.
SACSPM (35)			Sensor sampling rate (sec).
SACSPM (36)			Computational delay (sec).
SACSPM (37-40)			Not used.
SACSPM (41)			Single axis platform amplifier gain $K_A$ .

Single Axis Platform Nadir Pointing Control System (continued)

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
SACSPM (42)	Platform motor torque constant $K_T$ .
SACSPM (43)	Platform back EMF constant $K_B$ .
SACSPM (44)	Platform motor torque upper limit $L_1$ (ft-lbs).
SACSPM (45)	Platform motor torque lower limit $L_2$ (ft-lbs).
SACSPM (46)	Platform coulomb friction torque constant (ft-lbs).
SACSPM (47)	Platform minimum angular rate for coulomb friction torque (rad/sec).
SACSPM (48)	Platform voltage bias.
SACSPM (49-79)	Not used.
SACSPM (80)	Amplitude of sinusoidal noise added to one axis sensor measurement (gauss).
SACSPM (81)	Amplitude of sinusoidal noise for two axis (gauss).
SACSPM (82)	Amplitude of sinusoidal noise for three axis (gauss).
SACSPM (83)	Phase of sinusoidal noise added to one axis sensor measurement (deg).
SACSPM (84)	Phase of sinusoidal noise for two axis (deg).
SACSPM (85)	Phase of sinusoidal noise for three axis (deg).
SACSPM (86)	Frequency of sinusoidal noise added to one axis magnetometer measurement (cps).

### Single Axis Platform Nadir Pointing Control System (continued)

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
SACSPM (87)	Frequency of sinusoidal noise for two axis (cps).
SACSPM (88)	Frequency of sinusoidal noise for three axis (cps).
SACSPM (89)	Not used.
SACSPM (90-95)	Used internally. Not input.
SACSPM (96-100)	Not used.

### Plotting Locations for Platform Control System Variables

<u>Input Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
KPLOTS (343)	Output of first order lag transfer function for sensor one axis.
KPLOTS (344)	Output of first order lag transfer function for sensor two axis.
KPLOTS (345)	Output of first order lag transfer function for sensor three axis.
KPLOTS (346)	Position error output.
KPLOTS (347)	PID digital controller output.
KPLOTS (348)	Platform drive motor torque.

### Single Axis Platform Control System Printed Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Units</u>
VNADIR1	Filtered body frame components of earth. Nadir pointing unit vector.	N.D.
VNADIR2		
VNADIR3		
AZIM ERR	Gimble platform azimuth error angle.	deg.
AZIM PID	Gimble platform azimuth PID output.	Depends on PID gain constants
AZIM MOT	Gimble platform azimuth motor torque.	ft-lbs

### 3.3 Internal Torque Input and Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
IOUTPT (150)	I*4	0	Control for output of internal reaction torques for reaction controls
IOUTPT (1)			Control word to invoke reaction torque output IOUTPT (1) 0 No output IOUTPT (1) 1 Output
IOUTPT (2)			Location of reaction torques For IWHEEL 1 IOUTPT(2) 1 For IAMPRM(1)1 IOUTPT(2) 4 For IAMWH(1) 1 IOUTPT(2) 7
IOUTPT (3)			Location of control motor torques For IAMPRM(1) 1 IOUTPT(3) 14 For IAMWH(1) 1 IOUTPT(3) 17

#### Plotting Locations for Internal Torques

<u>Input Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
KPLOTS (358)	Reaction torque on body 1 axis.
KPLOTS (359)	Reaction torque on body 2 axis.
KPLOTS (360)	Reaction torque on body 3 axis.
KPLOTS (361)	Motor torque on 1 axis.
KPLOTS (362)	Motor torque on 2 axis.
KPLOTS (363)	Motor torque on 3 axis.

#### Internal Torque Printed Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Units</u>
TORQUE 1	Reaction torques acting on body.	Ft-Lbs.
TORQUE 2		
TORQUE 3		
MT TRQ 1	Control motor drive torques on reaction wheels.	Ft-Lbs.
MT TRQ 2		
MT TRQ 3		



### 3.4 Autonomous Scan Capability for Two Axis Scan Platform Input

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
IGMRST	I*4	0	Control word to invoke pre-scribed scan motions for two axis gimble. IGMRST = 0 No autonomous scan. IGMRST = 1 Autonomous scan.
IGARST (3)	I*4	0	Control word to specify type of scan cycle to be invoked on each axis. IGARST(I) = 0 No motion. IGARST(I) = 1 Motion of type 1. IGARST(I) = 2 Motion of type 2. I = 1 or 3 I = 1 motion about the 3 axis. I = 3 motion about the 2 axis. NOTE: The types of motion cycles are shown in reference 2
IGRSCY (3)	I*4	0	Number of cycles of scan motion to be performed on each axis.
GMDELA (3)	R*8	0.000	Angular motion to be performed during a single cycle of scan motion for each axis (deg).
GMTAUA (4,3)	R*8	0.000	Time increments to define scan cycle for each axis See reference 2. GMTAUA (1,I) = $T_1$ GMTAUA (2,I) = $T_2$ GMTAUA (3,I) = $T_3$ GMTAUA (4,I) = $T_4$
GMAN20 (3)	R*8	0.000	Initial angle for the start of the scan cycle (deg.).

## Output

There is no special output for rastering of the two axis scan platform other than the standard output for the platform motion.

### 3.5 Field Components and Torques without Attitude Dynamics Input and Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
NOINTG	I*4	0	Control word to bypass integration of equations of motion. NOINTG 0 Integration carried out. NOINTG 1 No integration.
NOIOUT (20)	I*4	0	Control words to invoke printed output of external torques. NOIOUT(1) 0 No gravity gradient torques. NOIOUT(1) 1 Print gravity gradient torques. NOIOUT(2) 0 No solar pressure torques. NOIOUT(2) 1 Print solar pressure torques. NOIOUT(3) 0 No aerodynamic pressure torques. NOIOUT(3) 1 Print aerodynamic pressure torques.

NOTE: The control words NOIOUT (1), (2), or (3) will control printing without regard to NOINTG .

### Plotting Locations for External Torques

<u>Input Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>
KPLOTS (349)	Gravity gradient moment on 1 axis.
KPLOTS (350)	Gravity gradient moment on 2 axis.
KPLOTS (351)	Gravity gradient moment on 3 axis.
KPLOTS (352)	Solar pressure moment on 1 axis.
KPLOTS (353)	Solar pressure moment on 2 axis.
KPLOTS (354)	Solar pressure moment on 3 axis.
KPLOTS (355)	Aerodynamic pressure moment on 1 axis.
KPLOTS (356)	Aerodynamic pressure moment on 2 axis.
KPLOTS (357)	Aerodynamic pressure moment on 3 axis.

### External Torque Printed Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Units</u>
GG MOM 1	Gravity gradient body frame.	Ft-Lbs
GG MOM 2		
GG MOM 3		
SP MOM 1	Solar pressure body frame components of torque.	Ft-Lbs
SP MOM 2		
SP MOM 3		
AD MOM 1	Air drag body frame components of torque.	Ft-Lbs
AD MOM 2		
AD MOM 3		

### 3.6 Additional Fluid Dampers Input and Output

#### Input

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Preset Value</u>	<u>Description</u>
NVDMPR	I*4	0	Control word to simulate additional viscous ring nutation damper. NVDMPR = 0 No dampers simulated. NVDMPR = 1 One damper simulated. NVDMPR = 2 Two damper simulated.
VDVCTY (2)	R*8	0.0D0	Kinematic viscosity of liquid in nutation damper (centistokes).
VDRDTB (2)	R*8	0.0D0	Radius of nutation damper tube (inches).
VDRDRN (2)	R*8	0.0D0	Radius of nutation damper ring (inches).
VDDNTY (2)	R*8	0.0D0	Density of fluid in nutation damper (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> ).
VDAXIS (3,2)	R*8	0.0D0	Components of unit vector in direction of ring axis.
VIVARY (3,2)	R*8	0.0D0	Initial components of torque exerted by the liquid upon the satellite, directed along the damper ring axis (ft/lbs).
VDOMGL (2)	R*8	0.0D0	Initial spatial average angular velocity of the liquid relative to the ring (deg/sec).
VDJARY (3,2)	R*8	0.0D0	

### Fluid Damper Printed Output

<u>Fortran Symbol</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Units</u>
OMEGL	Spatial average angular velocity of the nutation damper fluid relative to the body (INOPT = 1 only)	deg/sec
VSUBL	Average linear velocity of the nutation damper fluid relative to the damper tube wall (INOPT = 1 only)	ft/sec
MSUBM1	Body frame components of torque exerted by the nutation damper fluid upon the satellite (INOPT = 1 only)	ft-lb
MSUBM2		
MSUBM3		

#### 4.0 REFERENCE

- 1) Final Report for MAS5-11803, Mod. 8, June 1971, Avco Systems Division, Wilmington, Massachusetts.
- 2) A Users Guide to the Flexible Spacecraft Dynamics and Control Program V, July 1984, Joseph V. Fedor, NASA X-712-84-8.